

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL OMB Number: 3235-0123 Expires: April 30, 2013 Estimated average burden

Mail Place response . . . 12.00

Cossing EC FILE NUMBER

8-65376

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5 PART III**

FACING PAGE

FACING PAGE

Washington Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereinder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/12	AND ENDING _	12/31/12
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. R	REGISTRANT IDENTI	FICATION	
NAME OF BROKER - DEALER:			OFFICIAL MOT ONLY
Asperion Group LLC			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	SINESS: (Do not use P.	O. Box No.)	FIRM ID. NO.
152 W57th Street, 18th Floor			
(No	. and Street)		
	lew York		10019
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P	ERSON TO CONTACT	IN REGARD TO THI	S REPORT
Debra Pipines			(212) 487-5004
•		(Ar	rea Code - Telephone No.)
B. A(CCOUNTANT IDENT	IFICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion is contain	ed in this Report*	
VB&T Certified Public Accountants, PLLC			
	if individual, state last, firs	st, middle name)	
250 West 57 th Street, Suite 1632 Ne	w York	New York	10107
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
X Certified Public Accountant			
Public Accountant			
Accountant not resident in United Sta	tes or any of its possessions	3.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE (ONLY	

SEC 1410 (06-02)

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Gou neitl	ef the a p LLC her the	spines, Sole Member and Principal, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the (Company), as of December 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any pount classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	ne firm of <u>Asperion</u> (or affirm) that
Swo	rn and	Debra Pipines, Pring Subscribed to before me this 26 day of February, 2013.	SHUI KAM LEI, NOTARY PUBLIC
			State of New York, NO. 0LE6161424 Qualified in Kings County Commission Expires February 26, 20
This	report	** contains (check all applicable boxes):	Page
		Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	1-2
(x) (x)	(a) (b)	Facing page. Statement of Financial Condition.	_
()	(c)	Statement of Operations.	3
()	(d)	Statement of Operations. Statement of Changes in Member's Equity.	
()	(e)	Statement of Cash Flows.	
()	(f)	Statement of Changes in Subordinated Liabilities (not applicable).	
(x)	. ,	Notes to Financial Statements.	4-5
()	(g)	Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers	4-3
		Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.	
()	(h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements for Brokers and Dealers	S
		Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 under the	
, ,	415	Securities Exchange Act of 1934.	
()	(i)	Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements	
		for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 under the	
()	(j)	Securities Exchange Act of 1934. A Reconciliation, including Appropriate Explanations, of the Computation of Net	
()	Q)	Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requir	Capital
		Under Rule 15c3-3 (not required).	ements
()	(k)	A Reconciliation Between the Audited and Unaudited Consolidated Statements of	f
		Financial Condition With Respect to Methods of Consolidation (not applicable).	•
(x)	(1)	An Oath or Affirmation.	
()	(m)	A Copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report (not required).	
(x)	(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have exis since the date of the previous audit (Supplemental Report on Internal Control).	ted 6-7

^{**} For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Asperion Group LLC

<u>December 31, 2012</u>

Table of Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 2
Financial Statement	
Statement of Financial Condition	3
Notes to Financial Statement	4 - 5
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Structure	6 - 7



250 W57th Street Suite 1632 New York, NY 10107 T:1.212.448.0010 F:1.888.99.PCAOB (72262) E-mail: fvb@getcpa.com rtse@getcpa.com info@getcpa.com www.getcpa.com

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Member of Asperion Group LLC

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Asperion Group LLC, (the "Company") as of December 31, 2012.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Asperion Group LLC as of December 31, 2012. The financial statement does not include a statement of operations, member's equity and cash flows for the year then ended and this is a departure from U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

VB&T CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, PLLC

New York, NY February 21, 2013

Asperion Group LLC Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2012

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents Fees receivable Other current assets Property, equipment, and leasehold improvements net of accumulated depreciation of \$59,134 Other assets Total Assets		78,951 14,439 5,444		
		27,900		
		118,138 244,872		
Liabilities and Member's Equity				
Liabilities - accrued expenses	\$	49,644		
Contingencies		-		
Member's equity		195,228		
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$	244,872		

Asperion Group LLC Notes to Financial Statement December 31, 2012

1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Asperion Group LLC (the "Company"), was formed as a single member limited liability company on April 26, 2002 in the State of Delaware. The Company is a registered broker-dealer pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA), effective November 11, 2002.

The Company was formed for the purpose of acting as a placement agent, finder or consultant in the sale of shares or interests in hedge funds and private equity funds.

The Company will terminate on December 31, 2032, or in the event of certain other circumstances as defined in the limited liability company agreement.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Revenue Recognition

The financial statements of the Company are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, fee income is recognized when earned.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Fees Receivable

Fees receivable are considered fully collectible by management and, accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary.

Property, Equipment, and Leasehold Improvements

Property, equipment, and leasehold improvements are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to operations as incurred. Additions and improvements are capitalized.

Income Taxes

No provision for Federal or State income taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements since such liabilities and related expenses are the responsibility of the member. The Company is responsible for a local unincorporated business tax on income, which is calculated at the statutory rate.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Asperion Group LLC Notes to Financial Statement December 31, 2012

3. PROPERTY, EQUIPMENT, AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS

Property, equipment, and leasehold improvements consist of the following:

Computers and equipment	\$	27,978
Furniture and fixtures		39,552
Leasehold Improvements		19,504
Less: accumulated depreciation	((59,134)
•	\$	27.900

Depreciation expense was \$17,375 for the year ended December 31, 2012.

4. <u>COMMITMENT</u>

Operating Lease

The Company subleases its office space under a non-cancelable operating lease expiring July 30, 2013.

On November 1, 2011, the Company in turn executed a sublease agreement with a tenant for a portion of their office space also expiring July 30, 2013.

For the year ended December 31, 2012, occupancy costs (net of sublease income) was \$43,189.

The Company's monthly rent is approximately \$12,400. The Company received two months free rent, which was deferred and is being amortized over the term of the lease. Total unamortized deferred rent liability at December 31, 2012 was \$7,726.



250 W57th Street Suite 1632 New York, NY 10107 T:1.212.448.0010 F:1.888.99.PCAOB (72262) E-mail: fvb@getcpa.com rtse@getcpa.com info@getcpa.com www.getcpa.com

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To the Member of Asperion Group LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement of Asperion Group LLC (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3(e). Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statement in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

VB&T CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, PLLC

New York, NY February 21, 2013